

#### VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Board of Trustees Village of Elkhart, Illinois

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Elkhart, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Elkhart, Illinois' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Village of Elkhart, Illinois, as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village of Elkhart, Illinois, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter—Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Elkhart, Illinois' internal control. Accordingly, no
  such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village of Elkhart, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the Village of Elkhart's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules presented on pages 35 through 38 are the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections on pages 31 through 34, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

May 30, 2024

Washington, Illinois

Phillips, Salmi & associates, SIC

#### VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS APRIL 30, 2024

		ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities			Total
ASSETS	***************************************	*******			***************************************	
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	552,938	\$	15,643	\$	568,581
Internal balances	***************************************	63,907	<del>*************************************</del>	(63,907)		-
Total current assets	-	616,845		(48,264)		568,581
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation	******************	913,093		315,391	***************************************	1,228,484
Total assets	\$	1,529,938	\$	267,127	\$	1,797,065
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Current portion of note payable	\$	10,500	\$	-	\$	10,500
Meter deposits payable		_		19,565		19,565
Total current liabilities		10,500	William Barbanasa	19,565		30,065
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Note payable	<del>141.141</del>	41,500		-		41,500
Total liabilities	Mr. Administration of the Company	52,000		19,565		71,565
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		861,093		315,391		1,176,484
Restricted for:		,		5.5,551		1,170,104
Maintenance of roadways		44,358		_		44,358
Economic development		473,266		-		473,266
Community betterment		18,020		_		18,020
Unrestricted	***************************************	81,201		(67,829)	B-770-7	13,372
Total net position		1,477,938		247,562		1,725,500
	\$ 1	1,529,938	\$	267,127	\$	1,797,065

#### VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

			Program Revenues						
	Expenses			orges for	Gra	perating ants and tributions	Gra	apital nts and ributions	
Functions/Programs	***************************************								
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	196,547	\$	2,255	\$	-	\$	-	
Public works		172,361		-		-		_	
Public safety		711		-		-		-	
Economic development		46,935		-		-		-	
Culture & recreation		=		-		60,000		-	
Interest on long-term debt		376	·	-		-			
Total governmental activities		416,930		2,255	<u> </u>	60,000		-	
Business-type activities:									
Water operations		177,735	······	72,071	***************************************	-	<del></del>	-	
Total primary government	\$	594,665	\$	74,326	\$	60,000	\$	_	

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property tax

Road & bridge tax

Sales tax

Use tax

Income tax

Video gaming tax

Utility franchise tax

Motor fuel tax

Replacement tax

Investment income

Other income

Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

Net Revenue	(Exper	nse) and	Changes	in	Net	Position

overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	**************************************	Total
\$ (194,292) (172,361) (711) (46,935) 60,000 (376) (354,675)	\$	-	\$	(194,292) (172,361) (711) (46,935) 60,000 (376) (354,675)
(354,675)		(105,664)		(105,664)
250,386 11,344 17,426 17,887 73,672 8,625 3,430 19,744 2,646 1,145		- - - - - - - - 94		250,386 11,344 17,426 17,887 73,672 8,625 3,430 19,744 2,646 1,239
29,808 (50,279) 385,834	***************************************	27,500 50,279 77,873		57,308 - 463,707
\$ 31,159 1,446,779 1,477,938	\$	(27,791) 275,353 247,562	\$	3,368 1,722,132 1,725,500

## VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2024

		Tax			
	General Fund	Increment Financing Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Community Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					, <del>1 </del>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,898	\$ 451,662	\$ 44,358	\$ 18,020	\$ 552,938
Due from other funds	63,907	21,604		-	85,511
Total assets	\$ 102,805	\$ 473,266	\$ 44,358	\$ 18,020	\$ 638,449
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Due to other funds	\$ 21,604	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,604
Fund balances:					
Restricted for:					
Maintenance of roadways	-	-	44,358	-	44,358
Economic development	-	473,266	-		473,266
Community betterment	-	-		18,020	18,020
Unassigned	81,201	-		-	81,201
Total fund balances	81,201	473,266	44,358	18,020	616,845
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 102,805	\$ 473,266	\$ 44,358	\$ 18,020	
Amounts reported in governmental activities	in the stateme	ent of net posit	tion are differ	ent because:	
Capital assets used in the governmenta therefore are not reported in the governmental contraction.				ľ	913,093
Long-term liabilities are not due and p are not reported in the funds.	ayable in the o	current period	and, therefore	,	(52,000)
Net position of governmental activities					\$ 1,477,938

## VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	General Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Community Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 29,426	\$ 220,960	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 250,386
Road and bridge tax	11,344	-	-	-	11,344
Sales tax	17,426		-	-	17,426
Use tax	17,189	-	-	-	17,189
Income tax	73,672	**	•	-	73,672
Video gaming tax	8,625	-	-	-	8,625
Utility franchise tax	3,430	-	-	-	3,430
Motor fuel tax	-	-	19,744	-	19,744
Replacement tax	2,646	-	-	-	2,646
Cannabis tax	698	-	-	-	698
Interest	401	-	744	-	1,145
Licenses, fees and permits	2,255	-	-	-	2,255
Donations	-	-	-	60,000	60,000
Miscellaneous	29,808		_	-	29,808
Total revenues	196,920	220,960	20,488	60,000	498,368
EXPENDITURES					
General government	174,142	-	-	-	174,142
Public works	40,935	-	82,524	-	123,459
Economic development	-	46,935	-	-	46,935
Capital outlay	56,500	59,393	-	17,191	133,084
Debt service:					
Principal	12,177	-	-	-	12,177
Interest	376	-		-	376
Total expenditures	284,130	106,328	82,524	17,191	490,173
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF					
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(87,210)	114,632	(62,036)	42,809	8,195
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in (out)	(29,591)	4,184	-	(24,872)	(50,279)
Proceeds from loan	52,000	÷-		_	52,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	22,409	4,184		(24,872)	1,721
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(64,801)	118,816	(62,036)	17,937	9,916
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	146,002	354,450	106,394	83	606,929
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 81,201	\$ 473,266	\$ 44,358	\$ 18,020	\$ 616,845

# VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Net change in governmental fund balances	\$	9,916
Amounts reported in governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital assets purchases capitalized		133,084
Depreciation expense		(72,018)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. note payable) provides current		
financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of		
the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial		
resources of governmental funds. This is the amount by which the proceeds exceeded repayments.		
Proceeds for issurance		(52,000)
Capital debt obligation principal payments	Ann Minaria Triadecada	12,177
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	31,159

## VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2024

		Water		Sewer	 Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,643	\$	-	\$ 15,643
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		75,258		240,133	 315,391
Total assets	\$	90,901	\$	240,133	\$ 331,034
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Due to other funds	\$	63,907	\$	-	\$ 63,907
Meter deposits payable		19,565	************	-	 19,565
Total liabilities	-	83,472		-	 83,472
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		75,258		240,133	315,391
Unrestricted	<del></del>	(67,829)			 (67,829)
Total net position	Re-solution and set show	7,429		240,133	 247,562
	\$	90,901	\$	240,133	\$ 331,034

## VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Water	Sewer	Total
OPERATING REVENUE			
Charges for services	\$ 72,071	\$ -	\$ 72,071
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operations	153,850	_	153,850
Depreciation	9,756	14,129	23,885
Total operating expenses	163,606	14,129	177,735
Operating loss	(91,535)	(14,129)	(105,664)
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Grant revenue	27,500	-	27,500
Interest income	94	-	94
Total non-operating revenues	27,594	-	27,594
NET LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS	(63,941)	(14,129)	(78,070)
TRANSFERS IN	50,279	**	50,279
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(13,662)	(14,129)	(27,791)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	21,091	254,262	275,353
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,429	\$ 240,133	\$ 247,562

## VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Water	Sewer	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers	\$ 73,794	\$ -	\$ 73,794
Payments to suppliers	(135,775)	· _	(135,775)
Payments to employees, net	(9,649)	-	(9,649)
Net cash used in operating activities	(71,630)		(71,630)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from grants	27,500	-	27,500
Net interfund transactions	50,279	_	50,279
Net cash provided by capital and			
related financing activities	77,779		77,779
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received	94	-	94
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	6,243	-	6,243
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	9,400	***	9,400
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 15,643	\$ -	\$ 15,643

## VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Water	Sewer	Total
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in	***************************************		
operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (91,535)	\$ (14,129)	\$ (105,664)
Adjustment to reconcile operating loss to net			, ,
cash used in operating activities			
Depreciation	9,756	14,129	23,885
Change in assets and liabilities	10,149		10,149
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (71,630)	\$ -	\$ (71,630)
PRESENTATION OF CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS ON THE STATEMENT OF NET			
ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH - PROPRIETARY FUNDS			
	Water	Sewer	Total
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of year	\$ 15,643	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 15,643

#### VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2024

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Elkhart, Illinois (Village) have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government entities (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)), except as described in Note 1e. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below:

- (a) Reporting Entity The financial statements of the Village include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the Village is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the Village is able to influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Village is legally entitles to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Village is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Village is obligated for the debt of the organization. Pursuant to this criterion, no component units were identified for inclusion in the accompanying financial statements.
- (b) Government-wide Financial Statements The basic financial statements include both government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the Village as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Village that are governmental in nature (which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support). The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Village at year end.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a functional category (public works, public safety, etc.) or activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with specific function or activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Village.

(c) <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – During the year, the Village segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities into separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Village at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. The Village has decided to present all funds as major funds.

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Village maintains governmental and proprietary funds.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Village are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balance of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Village's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Tax Increment Financing Fund</u> – The Tax Increment Financing Fund is used to account for the activities relating to the Tax Increment Financing District.

<u>Motor Fuel Tax Fund</u> – The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for motor fuel taxes received that are legally restricted to expenditures for a specific purpose.

<u>Community Fund</u> – The Community Fund shall support local projects and initiatives on behalf of citizens in the Village of Elkhart related to some or all of the following areas: economic development, community health and safety, environment, biodiversity, education, arts and cultural activities, disadvantaged individuals, community infrastructure improvements, energy-related, disaster relief and community capital assets.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses, and payments relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of services as well as materials, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Water Fund and the Sewer Fund provide water services and sanitary sewer waste collection and transmission services to Village citizens and accounts for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises.

(d) Measurement Focus – In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in Note 1(e).

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only
  current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their
  operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources
  during a given period. These funds are fund balance as their measure of available
  spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial, or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported consistent with the Village's basis of accounting described at Note 1(e). Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

(e) <u>Basis of Accounting</u> – The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services net yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods and services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented using the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures when they result from cash transactions.

- (f) <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, for proprietary funds, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.
- (g) <u>Investments</u> The Village reports investments at cost, which approximates fair value.
- (h) <u>Capital Assets</u> The Village's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transaction and reports depreciation when appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to May 1, 2004. Prior to May 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since May 1, 2004, are recorded at cost. Contribution capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received. The Village capitalization policy defines a capital asset as an asset with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and other for expenditures greater than \$1,000. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Computer software 3 years
Light-weight vehicles & computers 5 years
Equipment 7 years
Temporary buildings 10 years
Land improvements 15 years
Building & plant 25 years
Infrastructure 40 years

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in the governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in the proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the governmental-wide statements.

- (i) Interfund Activity Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds." Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers which are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in enterprise funds. Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position. The only interfund balances which remain on the government-wide statement of net position are those between governmental and business-type activities. These amounts are reflected as "Internal Balances".
- (j) <u>Use of Estimates</u> The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the basis of accounting discussed in Note 1(e) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.
- (k) <u>Compensated Absences</u> The Village does not report accrued vacation leave or sick pay under the modified cash basis of accounting. Such amounts are reported as expenditures when paid.

#### (1) Fund Balance/Net Position

#### **Government-wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

It is the Village's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. None of the restricted fund balance result from enabling legislation adopted by the Village. Any residual fund balance is reported as unassigned.

The Village's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first.

#### (m) Long-Term Debt

All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

#### (n) Program Revenue

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The Village has the following program revenues, if any, in each activity:

General Government

Licenses and permits

**Public Safety** 

Fines and fees

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

#### NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village is allowed to make deposits of public funds in accounts as authorized by the Public Funds Deposit Act (30 ILCS 225). The Village is allowed to invest public funds in the investments as authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235). The Village's deposits were held in accounts authorized by the Public Funds Deposit Act as of April 30, 2024. The Village has implemented a written investment policy as of April 30, 2024. The Village did not hold any investments as of April 30, 2024.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits might not be recovered. The Village does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

#### NOTE 3. PROPERTY TAXES

The Village's property tax is levied and attached as an enforceable lien on January 1 of each year on property values assessed as of the same date. The 2022 tax levy, which was passed on November 1, 2021, is recorded as revenue in the year ended April 30, 2024.

Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments during the following year. The first installment is due no later than June 1 and the second installment is due no later than September 1. Property taxes are collected by the Logan County Treasurer who remits to each taxing unit its respective share of the collections.

#### NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the year ending April 30, 2024, consists of the following:

Governmental Activities:	<u>M</u>	Balance lay 1, 2023	<u> </u>	Additions	Trans <u>Retire</u>			Balance ril 30, 2024
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Infrastructure	\$	335,077	\$	-	\$	-	\$	335,077
Building and plant		465,854		-		-		465,854
Equipment		489,841		133,084				622,925
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		1,290,772		133,084		-		1,423,856
Less accumulated depreciation								
for:								
Infrastructure		(115,377)		(27,353)		_		(142,730)
Building and plant		(43,209)		(2,551)		_		(45,760)
Equipment		(280,159)		(42,114)		_		(322,273)
Total capital assets		(420.745)		(70.040)				
being depreciated		(438,745)		(72,018)				(510,763)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	852,027	\$	61,066	\$	_	\$	913,093
and the state of t	····		A)	01,000	Ψ	Market Debuter of the Control	ψ	713,073

Business-type activities:	Balance May 1, 2023	£	Additions	Transfers/ Retirements	Ap	Balance oril 30, 2024
Capital assets being depreciated						
Computer software	\$ 3,500	\$	_	\$ -	\$	3,500
Building and plant	600,809		-	-		600,809
Sewer and plant	353,137		-	-		353,137
Land improvements	2,524		-	-		2,524
Equipment	 72,932		-	_		72,932
	1,032,902		-	_		1,032,902
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Computer software	(3,500)		-	-		(3,500)
Building and plant	(528,260)		(6,815)	_		(535,075)
Sewer and plant	(98,875)		(14, 129)	-		(113,004)
Land improvements	(2,524)		_	-		(2,524)
Equipment	 (60,467)		(2,941)	-		(63,408)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (693,626)		(23,885)	_		(717,511)
Total capital assets being						
depreciated, net	\$ 339,276	\$	(23,885)	\$ -	\$	315,391

Depreciation expense was charged to the Village's functions as follows:

Depreciation expense	
Government activities:	
General government	\$ 22,405
Public works	48,902
Public safety	711
Total	\$ 72,018
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 9,756
Sewer	 14,129
Total	\$ 23,885

#### NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **Governmental Activities**

The following is a summary of governmental activity changes in long-term debt for the current year:

	В	alances					E	Balances	Due with
	May	1, 2023	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Apr	il 30, 2024	One Year
Truck Loan	\$	12,177	\$	-	\$	12,177	\$	-	\$ -
Dump Truck Loan		-		52,000		-		52,000	10,500
	\$	12,177	\$	52,000	\$	12,177		52,000	\$ 10,500

#### Note Payable

The Village entered into a note payable agreement on January 23, 2024, with Longview Community Bank to finance a dump truck. The loan carries a fixed interest rate of 5.00 percent for a term of 5 years. Payments are due annually, including interest, thereafter, with final payment due August 28, 2028.

The future minimum loan payments are as follows:

Years Ending April 30,	Principal		•	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2025	\$	10,500	\$	1,204	\$	11,704
2026		9,629		2,075		11,704
2027		10,110		1,594		11,704
2028		10,616		1,088		11,704
2029		11,145		559		11,704
Total	\$	52,000	\$	6,520	\$	58,520

#### NOTE 6. LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

The legal debt limit of the Village, as defined by 65 ILCS 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statues, is 8.625% of the most recent assessed valuation of the property located in the Village's boundaries. For April 30, 2024, the Village's legal debt limit was \$1,289,836. As of April 30, 2024, the Village reported outstanding debt of \$52,000, all of which is applicable to the Village's legal debt limit. As a result, the legal debt margin as of April 30, 2024 is \$1,237,836.

#### NOTE 7. INTERFUND BALANCES

Due from/to Other Funds balances at April 30, 2024 consist of:

General Fund:	Due from Other Funds		_	Due to ner Funds
Tax Increment Financing Fund Water Fund	\$	- 63,907	\$	21,604
	-	63,907		21,604
Tax Increment Financing Fund: General Fund		21,604		
Water Fund: General Fund		-		63,907
Total Due from/to Other Funds	\$	85,511	\$	85,511

The purpose of significant due from/to other funds is as follows:

- \$21,604 due from the General Fund to the Tax Increment Financing Fund. The balance is due to the Village's overpayment of funds owed from the Tax Increment Financing Fund to the General Fund. As a result, the Village intends to repay the funds overpaid from the General Fund to the Tax Increment Financing Fund in a future fiscal year.
- \$63,907 due from the Water General Fund to the General Fund. The balance consists of Water Fund wages paid by the General Fund as well as various Water Fund expenditures which were paid with funds transferred from the General Fund, but not yet repaid by the Water Fund at April 30, 2024.

	Transfer from Other Funds		 nsfer to r Funds
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 29,591
Tax Increment Financing Fund		4,184	_
Community Fund		-	24,872
Water Fund	*****	50,279	 
Total Due from/to Other Funds	\$	54,463	\$ 54,463

The transfers during the year were for prior year expense reimbursements.

#### NOTE 8. PENSION PLAN

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description. The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96.

Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- ½ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

As of December 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active Plan Members	-
Total	1

Funding Policy. As set by statute, the Village's Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires the Village to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost. For calendar year ending December 31, 2023, the Village's actual contributions for pension cost for the Regular members were \$0. The required contribution for calendar year 2023 was \$0. There are no current active employees participating in IMRF.

*Net Pension Liability* The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Since the Village follows the cash basis of accounting, the liability is not recognized on the financial statements.

Actuarial Assumptions.

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2023:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.25%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience study from years 2020 to 2022.
- For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

• The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2023:

		Long-Term
	Portfolio	Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Percentage	of Return
Domestic Equity	34.5%	5.00%
International Equity	18.0%	6.35%
Fixed Income	24.5%	4.75%
Real Estate	10.5%	6.30%
Alternative Investments	11.5%	6.05-8.65%
Cash Equivalents	<u>1.0%</u>	3.80%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Single Discount Rate. A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 3.77%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability.

	Total				
	Pension	Plan	Fiduciary	]	Net Pension
	Liability	Ne	t Position		Liability
	(A)		(B)		(A)-(B)
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 47,012	\$	52,570	\$	(5,558)
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost	-		-		-
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	3,283		-		3,283
Changes of Benefit Terms	-		_		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	381		-		381
Changes of Assumptions	(75)		-		(75)
Contributions – Employer	-		_		-
Contributions – Employees	_		-		-
Net Investment Income	-		6,275		(6,275)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds					
of Employee Contributions	(3,460)		(3,460)		-
Other (Net Transfer)	 _		1,413		(1,413)
Net Changes	 129		4,228		(4,099)
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$ 47,141	\$	56,798	\$	(9,657)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net Pension Asset	\$ (4,725)	\$ (9,657)	\$ (13,840)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

If the Village were on the accrual basis of accounting at April 30, 2024, the Village would have recognized pension income of \$2,703. If the Village was on the accrual basis of accounting at April 30, 2024, the Village reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	9,082	\$	5,715	
Changes in Assumptions	***************************************	-		-	
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	9,082	\$	5,715	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Net Deferred Outflow				
of Resources				
\$	211			
	1,142			
	2,520			
	(506)			
\$	3,367			

#### NOTE 9. PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village entered into a one-year intergovernmental cooperation contract with the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association. The purpose of the contract is to provide risk management and loss coverage for Village operations be creating self-insured reserves against losses and jointly purchasing excess insurance, reinsurance and administrative services. The contract automatically renews annually unless the Village provides sixty days' notice of withdrawal for the next annual period. Membership in the association is limited to member of the Illinois Municipal League and the Illinois Municipal League, itself.

Annual contributions to the association are determined based on loss experience of the Village and total losses and expenditures of the association. If the association's risk management committee determines the Village has any unusual or extraordinary risks, the Village has the option to make additional contributions for coverage of the particular risk or exclude it from coverage. The association limits the risk of loss to its members by purchasing excess or reinsurance policies. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Insurance settlements by the association have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

#### NOTE 10. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the General Fund and Motor Fuel Tax Fund had expenditures in excess of the related budget amounts.

#### NOTE 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through May 30, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



## VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

(schedule to be built prospectively from 2015)

Calendar year ending December 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total pension liability:					
Interest on the total pension liability	\$ 3,283	\$ 3,267	\$ 3,248	\$ 3,230	\$ 3,209
Difference between expected and actual	381	366	358	277	259
Assumption changes	(75)		-	(10)	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(3,460)	(3,375)	(3,295)	(3,214)	(3,133)
Net change in total pension liability	129	258	311	283	335
Total pension liability - beginning	47,012	46,754	46,443	46,160	45,825
component natural cognitions		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			15,025
Total pension liability - ending (a)	47,141	47,012	46,754	46,443	46,160
Plan fiduciary net position:					
Net investment income	6,275	(10,449)	11,008	8,412	9,995
Benefit payments and refunds	(3,460)	(3,375)	(3,295)	(3,214)	(3,133)
Other (net transfer)	1,413	123	(33)	303	53
Net change in plan					
fiduciary net position	4,228	(13,701)	7,680	5,501	6,915
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	52,570	66,271	58,591	53,090	46,175
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	56,798	52,570	66,271	58,591	53,090
City's net pension liability - ending A - B	\$ (9,657)	\$ (5,558)	\$ (19,517)	\$ (12,148)	\$ (6,930)
Plan fiduciary net position as a %					
of the total pension liability	120.49%	111.82%	141.74%	126.16%	115.01%
Covered - employee payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's net position liability as a % of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 3,203	\$ 3,227	\$ 3,191	\$ 2,205
239	225	218	13,758
1,204	(760)	-	_
(3,052)	(2,971)	(2,894)	(2,735)
1,594	(279)	515	13,228
44,231	44,510	43,995	30,767
45,825	44,231	44,510	43,995
73,023	77,231	44,310	43,773
(4,177)	9,327	3,152	232
(3,052)	(2,971)	(2,894)	(2,735)
1,462	(745)	195	592
(5,767)	5,611	453	(1,911)
51,942	46,331	45,878	47,789
46,175	51,942	46,331	45,878
\$ (350)	\$ (7,711)	\$ (1,821)	\$ (1,883)
100.76%	117.43%	104.09%	104.28%
	_		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.000/
0.0070	0.0070	0.00%	0.00%

#### VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Actuarial Valuation Date	Det	uarially ermined tribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll
12/31/2015	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ -	0.00%
12/31/2016		-		-	-	-	0.00%
12/31/2017				<del>-</del>	-	-	0.00%
12/31/2018		-		•	-	-	0.00%
12/31/2019		-		-	-	-	0.00%
12/31/2020		-		-	-	-	0.00%
12/31/2021		-		_	-	-	0.00%
12/31/2022		-		-	-	-	0.00%
12/31/2023		-	*	-	-	-	0.00%

Schedule to be built prospectively as the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in the fiscal year ending 04/30/2016.

### VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2023 Contribution Rate\*

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning

of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2023 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Aggregate entry age = normal

Amortization Method:

Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period:

20-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method:

5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth:

2.75%

Price Inflation:

2.25%, approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used

in this valuation.

Salary Increases:

2.75% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return:

7.25%

Retirement Age:

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant

to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.

Mortality.

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements

projected using scale MP-2020.

#### Other Information:

Notes:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation; note two year lag between valuation and rate setting.

#### VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS

### BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Budget			Actual	Over (Under) Budget		
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	43,000	\$	29,426	\$	(13,574)	
Road and bridge tax		-		11,344		11,344	
Sales tax		7,000		17,426		10,426	
Use tax		18,000		17,189		(811)	
Income tax		66,400		73,672		7,272	
Video gaming tax		5,000		8,625		3,625	
Telecommunications tax		1,000		660		(340)	
Utility franchise tax		5,900		3,430		(2,470)	
Replacement tax		1,200		2,646		1,446	
Cannabis tax		700		698		(2)	
Interest		-		401		401	
Licenses, fees and permits		2,000		2,255		255	
Donations		100		-		(100)	
Fines		50		_		(50)	
Foreign fire insurance tax		2,000		_		(2,000)	
Miscellaneous		7,250		29,148		21,898	
Annual payment from coal mine		30,000		· <u>-</u>		(30,000)	
Grant proceeds		11,800				(11,800)	
Total revenues		201,400		196,920		(4,480)	
EXPENDITURES							
General government		111,300		174,142		62,842	
Public works		43,300		40,935		(2,365)	
Capital outlay		19,700		56,500		36,800	
Debt service:		,		,		<b>,</b>	
Principal		-		12,177		12,177	
Interest		-		376		376	
Total expenditures		174,300		284,130		109,830	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		27,100		(87,210)		(114,310)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		_		(29,591)		(29,591)	
Proceeds from loan		-		52,000		52,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	•	22,409		22,409	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	27,100		(64,801)	\$	(91,901)	
FUND BALANCE BEGINNING OF YEAR				146,002			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	81,201			

# VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Budget		Actual		Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	254,000	\$	220,960	\$	(33,040)
EXPENDITURES						
Economic development						
Reimbursement agreements		17,000		12,540		(4,460)
Rock and sand		-		3,776		3,776
Supplies and repairs		-		750		750
Legal and administrative services		61,000		29,869		(31,131)
Consulting fees		40,000		•		(40,000)
Capital outlay		34,000	-	59,393	H	25,393
Total expenditures	***************************************	152,000		106,328	***************************************	(45,672)
Revenues over expenditures		102,000		114,632		12,632
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		<del>-</del>		4,184		4,184
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	102,000		118,816	\$	16,816
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				354,450		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	473,266		

# VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

		Budget		Actual	Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES						
Motor fuel tax	\$	28,000	\$	19,744	\$	(8,256)
Interest	<del></del>	-	<del></del>	744		744
Total revenues		28,000	***************************************	20,488		(7,512)
EXPENDITURES						
Public works						
Payroll		5,900		2,827		(3,073)
Rock, sand, oil, and chipping		21,100		79,697		58,597
Signs	<u> </u>	1,000		-	***************************************	(1,000)
Total expenditures		28,000		82,524	**************************************	54,524
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-		(62,036)	\$	(62,036)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				106,394		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	44,358		

# VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	I	Budget	1	Actual	Over (Under) Budget		
REVENUES							
Donations	\$	30,000	\$	60,000	\$	30,000	
EXPENDITURES							
Culture & Recreation							
Community betterment		3,000		-		(3,000)	
Capital outlay		19,000		17,191		(1,809)	
Total expenditures		22,000	<del>Manual Landon</del>	17,191		(4,809)	
Revenues over expenditures	***************************************	8,000		42,809		34,809	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Transfers out	F			(24,872)		(24,872)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	8,000		17,937	\$	9,937	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				83			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$	18,020			

#### VILLAGE OF ELKHART, ILLINOIS NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION APRIL 30, 2024

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) <u>Budgetary Information</u> – The Village develops cash-basis budgetary information for expenditures and revenue. Budgetary information for all funds is adopted annually for the fiscal year in an appropriation ordinance as required by the laws of the State of Illinois. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Expenditures of each fund may not exceed the total appropriated for that fund.



### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT ON COMPLIANCE WITH PUBLIC ACT 85-1142

The Board of Trustees Village of Elkhart, Illinois Elkhart, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Village of Elkhart as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2024.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the Village of Elkhart, Illinois' compliance with the provisions of Subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.403(q)) of the Illinois Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act (Illinois Public Act 85-1142) as it relates to the eligibility of expenditures for costs incurred incidental to the implementation of the Village of Elkhart, Illinois, Tax Increment Redevelopment Project Areas and noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of the financial statement amounts. Compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the Village of Elkhart, Illinois is the responsibility of Village of Elkhart, Illinois' management. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance with Subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3(q)) of the Illinois Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees, management and the Illinois Department of Revenue, Illinois State Comptroller's Office and the joint review boards and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Washington, Illinois May 30, 2024

Phillips, Salmi & Associates, ASC